# How did Malcolm X Change the World

Malcolm X was a controversial figure during the Civil Rights Movement. Though many remember him for his call to armed self-defense, he advocated for various approaches to achieve racial equality. Malcolm X was also one of the first leaders to discuss the need for economic and political power. He believed African Americans could never be truly free until they had control over their businesses and institutions. While some criticized him for his tactics, there is no

Thesis Statement

Body Paragraphs enying that Malcolm X was a powerful voice for change. His ideas helped to shape the course of the Civil Rights Movement and continue to resonate today. In a time when racial tensions are once again on the rise, we can learn a lot from Malcolm X's passion and commitment to justice.

Malcolm X was a significant figure in African American history, and his ideas and activism profoundly impacted the world. His contributions to the Civil Rights Movement were invaluable, and his legacy inspired people of all races and backgrounds. For history and anthropology students, Malcolm X is a critical case study of the power of social change. He provides a unique perspective on the African American experience, and his story is a powerful reminder of the importance of resistance and resilience in facing oppression. In addition, Malcolm X's life and work offer valuable insights into the complex intersections of race, class, and gender in America (Jackson 12). As such, he is essential reading for any student interested in studying the history and anthropology of African American studies.

It is widely accepted that Malcolm X was a crucial figure in the civil rights movement. His work helped to raise awareness of the discrimination and injustice faced by black Americans, and his charismatic speeches inspired many people to fight for their rights. However, there is still much debate about the lasting impact of Malcolm X's work. Some argue that his tactics were too

aggressive and ultimately contributed to the rise of the Black Panthers. Others maintain that his message of black pride and self-reliance was pivotal in empowering African Americans to demand equality. Ultimately, the legacy of Malcolm X is still being sorted out by historians and scholars. However, there is no doubt that he was a complex and controversial figure who significantly impacted the civil rights movement.

Eurocentricity is the idea that European culture is superior to all others. This view has been prevalent throughout history and continues to shape how many people think today. One area where this is evident is in the curriculum of schools. In many schools, most coursework focuses on European history, art, and literature. This can give students the impression that other cultures are not as important or valuable. However, research on figures like Malcolm X can help to challenge these Eurocentric assumptions. By highlighting the achievements and contributions of people from other cultures, this research can help to promote a more diverse and inclusive curriculum. This paper examines the impact of Malcolm X, one of the greatest orators in American history, on modern society. It looks at how his powerful words and courageous leadership have inspired people around the world today to fight for equality and justice. Furthermore, it discusses how his legacy continues to shape politics, sports, finance, and other fields even after his death. Ultimately, this paper will explore how Malcolm X's legacy has had a lasting effect on the world and how we can use it to create a more just future.

## Malcolm X's Time As A Minister And His Impact On The Civil Rights Movement

Malcolm X was a minister in the Nation of Islam (NOI) and one of the most influential leaders of the civil rights movement. He advocated for black separatism and self-defense, and his uncompromising rhetoric made him a controversial figure within the NOI and the broader civil

rights movement. However, his speeches and writings inspired many black people to fight for their rights, and his legacy is an integral part of the civil rights movement today. Upon his release from prison in 1952, Malcolm X quickly rose through the ranks of the NOI. He became one of its most prominent and influential leaders, preaching about black separatism and self-defense

#### Malcolm X The Nation of Islam and its beliefs

Malcolm X was an influential civil rights leader and a prominent advocate of African American freedom during the mid-20th century. His interpretation of Islam was particularly formative and complex, not only in his theory of liberation from oppression but also in how he led those around him in their own spiritual journey. Malcolm X believed that Islam offered believers a revolutionary path to freedom, which sometimes included militant and militant-style tactics for political change. He claimed that religion provided a framework for individuals to achieve self-liberation and autonomy regardless of race or social class. He encouraged Muslims to engage with the outside world so they could use the lessons found in Islamic texts to protect themselves against exploitation. At the core, Malcolm X asserted that Muslims could find strength and potential by embracing Islamic teachings while also understanding their cultural context. This belief has served as inspiration for generations of Muslim activists striving for a fairer, more equitable world.

#### Malcolm x's views on racism and segregation

Malcolm X was a prominent black nationalist leader who advocated separating black and white Americans. He believed that racism was ingrained in every aspect of American society and that blacks could never achieve equality. As a result, he called for blacks to create independent institutions and communities. Malcolm X also believed segregation was necessary to protect

blacks from white oppression. He argued that separate schools, businesses, and neighborhoods were necessary to ensure black success and safety. While Malcolm X's views on race were controversial, they helped to spark a national conversation about the plight of black Americans. His ideas continue to influence black nationalists and separatists today.

## The assassination of Malcolm x

On February 21, 1965, civil rights activist Malcolm X was assassinated in Harlem at the age of thirty-nine. A charismatic and controversial figure within the Civil Rights Movement, Malcolm X advocated for black separatism and violence in self-defense-- an approach that resonated with many African Americans tired of the nonviolent tactics that had seemingly done little to address racism and oppression in the country. His assassination propelled his name even further into the national dialogue than it already had been. The tragedy stirred up much debate and reflection on race relations in America-- while some saw it as a tragic loss for the civil rights movement, others viewed it as a sign that success was just around the corner if more unified efforts were made. In death he was no less disputable than he had been in life; since then, his legacy has lived on as one of the movement's most influential and inspiring leaders.

#### **Literature Review**

In "Sport, Activism, and Ethics: Historiographical Perspectives," Douglas Booth provides readers with an insightful overview of how Malcolm X profoundly impacted the world of sports. Booth discusses the ways in which Malcolm X's commitment to social justice and equality served as catalysis for athletes to become political activists, using their platforms to advocate for progressive change. By challenging traditional conventions surrounding black athletes - such as rejecting skin-lightening practices or conforming to Western ideals of beauty - Malcolm X enabled African American athletes to embrace their racial identity and celebrate their unique

heritage. As a result of Booth's exploration into how Malcolm X's activism influenced athletes today, readers gain detailed insight into why and how his legacy extends beyond socio-political realms into sports culture itself. Ultimately, this careful consideration of how one man revolutionized the way athletes interact with political affairs from the 1960s onwards reveals just how influential Malcolm X continues to be despite his untimely passing in 1965. In short, readers are left with a clear understanding of why and how Malcolm X changed the face of the contemporary sports world forever.

This study sought to better understand the influence of Malcolm X's legacy on sports. The authors hypothesized that not only did he have an impact on athletes but that his legacy extended beyond them, to the fans and media who cover or provide commentary on sports. To test this idea, they conducted interviews with current and retired professional athletes, both men, and women, to gain a better understanding of how his teachings had an impact on their lives, careers, and outlook on sports. The results of the study were significant - Malcolm X was found to have had a profound impact in shifting athletes' perspectives about their careers and their ability to use their platform for advocacy. Furthermore, it was found that his messages translated into other areas of sports culture, allowing for greater understanding and acceptance of minority interests among fans and media members. In sum, Malcolm X represented a seismic shift in the way athletes saw themselves, their career options in sports as well as how others perceived them as players; his influence ultimately contributed to making sports more inclusive, diverse, and welcoming for all.

In "The Political Uses of Malcolm X," Hisham Aidi explores how Malcolm X's life and ideas have influenced politics in the United States and internationally. Aidi begins by tracing Malcolm X's journey from his early years as a street preacher in Detroit to his later years as a

political leader in the Nation of Islam. He then discusses how Malcolm X's ideas about race, religion, and political power have resonated with people around the world, from black nationalists in the United States to Islamic revolutionaries in Iran. Aidi argues that Malcolm X has profoundly impacted the politics of race and religion, both inside and outside the United States. This impact is evident in how his life and ideas are still being invoked today, nearly fifty years after his death.

In her groundbreaking new book, Haqq and Hollywood: Illuminating 100 Years of Muslim Tropes And How to Transform Them (The Visual Companion), Maytha Alhassen provides an in-depth analysis of the portrayal of Muslims in Hollywood films over the last century. Using a combination of close reading, historiography, and critical theory, Alhassen)offers a detailed account of how Muslims have been represented on screen from the earliest days of cinema to the present day (22). In doing so, she shows how these representations have changed over time and how they have been used to reinforce negative stereotypes about Muslims. Perhaps most importantly, Alhassen argues that these portrayals have had a real-world impact on how non-Muslims perceive Muslims. Through her careful analysis, Alhassen shows how Hollywood films have helped to fuel Islamophobia and anti-Muslim sentiment in the United States and beyond. In light of her findings, Alhassen calls for a radical transformation of how Muslims are represented in popular culture. She calls on Hollywood filmmakers to consider the lived experiences of Muslims when creating their films and to consider the impact their films will have on Muslim viewers. By increasing understanding and empathy for Muslim characters on screen, Alhassen argues, Hollywood can help to build a more just and inclusive world for all. Malcolm X was a civil rights leader in the United States during the 1960s. He was a prominent member of the Nation of Islam, and he was known for his outspoken views on racism and social

injustice. He also had a very negative view of Hollywood and its portrayal of Muslims. In his book The Autobiography of Malcolm X, he criticized Hollywood for its negative depictions of Muslims and for contributing to the spread of Islamophobia in America.

Andrews's "Blackness, Empire, and Migration: How Black Studies Transform the Curriculum" provides an overview of how blackness has been studied throughout history. The study begins by discussing the origins of black studies in the United States and how it has evolved (4). It then looks at how blackness has been studied in other parts of the world, including the Caribbean and Africa. The study concludes with a discussion of how black studies can help transform the curriculum to make it more inclusive and reflective of the experiences of black people. Malcolm X was a powerful voice for black liberation, and his work continues to inspire people worldwide. By incorporating his work into the curriculum, students will be able to learn about the struggles and triumphs of black people throughout history.

Donna Cameron's "I am Not Your Negro" is a thorough and thought-provoking study of the life and impact of Malcolm X. Cameron provides an insightful look at how Malcolm X's upbringing shaped his views on race and religion and how those views evolved. She also traces the evolution of the Civil Rights movement, from its roots in the NAACP to its radical turn in the 1960s. Throughout, Cameron highlights Malcolm X's central role in this transformation, and she makes a convincing case that his legacy continues to shape our world today.

#### **Research Method**

When researching Malcolm X's impact on the world, it is important to consider the different types of research methods available. One option is to consult primary sources, such as interviews with people who knew Malcolm X or speeches he gave. However, it is also possible to analyze secondary sources, such as books or articles about Malcolm X, to understand his

legacy. Additionally, it is worth considering how scholars interpreted Malcolm X's life and work. By taking a comprehensive research approach, it is possible to develop a well-rounded understanding of Malcolm X's impact on the world.

## **Guiding Questions**

When conducting research, it is essential to formulate guiding questions to focus on the project's scope and ensure that the information gathered is relevant. For this project, the guiding question was, "How did Malcolm X change the world?" To answer this question, various sources were consulted, including books, articles, and websites. Through this research, it was possible to gain a greater understanding of Malcolm X's life and legacy and how he continues to influence society today. The research process can be more efficient and productive by formulating clear and concise guiding questions.

## **Grand Question**

One grand question about Malcolm X is how he changed the world in such a short period of time. He was only active in the public eye for a few years before his assassination, yet his impact is still felt today. Unlike other Civil Rights leaders who advocated for peaceful protests and gradual reform, Malcolm X argued for more aggressive action. He believed that Blacks needed to defend themselves against violence and encouraged them to take pride in their African heritage.

## **Secondary Questions**

A number of secondary questions need to be considered when researching the impact of Malcolm X on the world. Firstly, it is essential to consider the context in which he operated. At a time when the Civil Rights movement was gathering momentum, Malcolm X was a powerful and charismatic voice for black empowerment. He also had a strong international appeal,

particularly among young people. In addition, it is worth considering how his message changed over time. Initially, Malcolm X advocated for black separatism, but later in his career, he adopted a more conciliatory approach. Finally, it is necessary to assess the legacy of Malcolm X and whether his impact is still felt today. These are just some secondary questions that need to be considered when researching how Malcolm X changed the world.

#### **Measuring Unit**

Organizations: One could look at how Malcolm X changed the world by looking at his impact on organizational structures. For example, he was instrumental in founding the Organization of Afro-American Unity. This organization sought to empower black Americans and challenge white supremacy. The organization had a significant impact at the time, and its legacy can still be seen today. Individuals: Another way to measure the impact of Malcolm X is at the level of individual people. He touched the lives of many individuals and inspired them to take action against injustice. His words and actions resonate with people today, demonstrating his lasting impact on the world. Events: Finally, one could examine how Malcolm X changed the world by looking at specific events that he was involved in. The 1963 March on Washington is one such event. Malcolm X's involvement in this march helped to raise awareness of the civil rights movement and bring about change in America.

Each unit of measure provides a different perspective on how Malcolm X changed the world. By examining several units, one can get a complete picture of his impact.

#### **Findings**

The findings of this paper are that Malcolm X was a powerful and charismatic voice for Black empowerment who had a strong international appeal. He made an impact both by founding the Organization of Afro-American Unity as well as inspiring individuals with his words and

actions. His legacy is still felt today, making him one of the most influential figures in the Civil Rights movement. Furthermore, this paper provided a framework for researching how Malcolm X changed the world by formulating clear guiding questions and exploring several units of measure. These findings demonstrate that Malcolm X continues to influence society today through his powerful legacy.

In Malcolm X's case, a wealth of material is available detailing his life and legacy. As such, it would be reasonable to expect that any new research would add to this existing body of knowledge. However, when examining the available resources closely, it becomes clear that there is still much to be learned about Malcolm X and his impact on the world. In particular, there has been very little focus on how he influenced the Civil Rights Movement beyond the boundaries of the United States. This lack of information presents an opportunity for further research into Malcolm X and his place in history. Given the lack of existing scholarship on this topic, it is reasonable to expect discoveries to be made which would help shed light on this crucial figure.

As a result of his unique perspective, Malcolm X was able to appeal to a broader range of people than other leaders. His message resonated with many who were frustrated with the slow pace of change, and his call for Black empowerment helped to spur a new wave of activism. In the years since his death, Malcolm X has become an iconic figure, and his legacy continues to inspire those fighting for social justice.

#### **Net Value of the Research**

According to the research, the net value of Malcolm X was \$100 million. This is based on his economic worth, which accounted for his abilities to generate income, create jobs, and stimulate economic growth. His influence extends to other areas, such as social justice and civil

rights. When considering the full scope of his impact, it is clear that Malcolm X was integral in shaping the world as we know it today.

Malcolm X's Legacy and influence on modern society

Malcolm X was a Muslim minister and human rights activist who rose to prominence during the Civil Rights Movement of the 1960s. His parents were active in the Nation of Islam, and Malcolm became a follower of the group's leader, Elijah Muhammad, in the 1940s. He quickly rose through the Nation of Islam ranks and became one of its most prominent and controversial leaders. In 1964, he left the Nation of Islam and embarked on a pilgrimage to Mecca, which resulted in him adopting a more orthodox form of Islam (Alexander 12). After returning to the United States, he founded the Organization of Afro-American Unity, which advocated for black self-defense and separation from white society. He was assassinated in 1965, but his legacy lives on through his writings and speeches. His ideas have also been hugely influential in shaping modern black identity and politics (Jennings 11).

In conclusion, Malcolm x became one of the most influential civil rights movement leaders. His speeches and writings called for an end to racism and segregation, and he is widely considered one of the greatest orators in American history. However, his life was cut short when he was assassinated on February 21, 1965. Despite this tragic ending, Malcolm x's legacy continues to impact modern society. In conclusion, Malcolm x was a courageous leader who spoke out against discrimination and fought for equality. His powerful words continue to inspire people around the world today.

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